Garlic price is down a bit, while ginger has overcon the bump

Detail Introduction:

"The price of garlic is going down," says Arie Havelaar of Sawari Fresh International, a Dutch company specializing in garlic and ginger. "The decreasing price may have to do with the slight decrease in trarrates, although the main reason is that Spain still has large stocks of garlic."

Garlic comes mainly from Spain and China.

"Of course, Spanish garlic is more expensive than Chinese, but more and more buyers are switching Spanish product," continues Arie. "Egypt also sends volumes of garlic to the European market, but the cloves are thinner, and at the beginning of the season, the supply consists of young garlic."

"Egyptian dried garlic is not usually available in the Netherlands. I don't import Egyptian garlic myself although now that export to Russia is becoming more difficult, suppliers are also trying to sell their state. We also don't import large volumes from Argentina. On the other hand, Morocco by produce in Spain, the especially second category, throughout the season."

First arrivals from China at the end of June

According to the importer, although the area in China would have remained the same, the harvest had delayed by about 14 days due to the cold. "However, the information varies depending on the source course, we cannot go to China to see it with our own eyes due to the lockdowns. Despite the coronave China, the country has resumed shipments of garlic from the old crop. I expect the first arrivals of the garlic at the end of June/beginning of July. Also, no one wants to import it earlier, as there is still enough of old garlic to ship."

According to Arie, the price of ginger has returned to normal levels after falling in December and Janu "Ginger shipments are constant. Each year between 6,000 and 8,000 containers arrive in Europe, 80 through the Netherlands. Ginger is very fashionable. We used to import 1 container every 4 weeks 10 ago. Years, now it's 10 a week.

Supply Level High

Arie expects all buyers to be a little more cautious about importing ginger now that shipping rates from and Brazil are reaching record levels. "And it's that these rates are going up faster than shipping from East. So I expect a fairly subdued start to the new crop from Brazil. Peru and China are already shipping containers. Also, the internal quality was not always good last year, which will also temper expectation Anyway, the supply level is stable and high."

Cultivation in a Dutch greenhouse

Arie Havelaar and Sander Kleinjan started a cultivation trial in Portugal six years ago. The results were promising that almost immediately after Sawari was launched, the two partners invested in a project ginger in Dutch greenhouses. The first harvest from June to August 2021 confirmed their expectation Dutch crop would provide a product with low fiber content and pure taste. "We are now testing four varieties of conventional and organic ginger. Our goal is to offer products that have added value, also processed form," says Arie.