Overseas lemons face a challenging summer season

Detail Introduction:

The overseas lemon season is about to begin. "The first containers of lemons are currently being load Argentina. We've been working well with our regular supplier Argentilemon for many years, and we effirst arrivals in the Netherlands in the second half of May," says FMI's Peter Bouman.



FMI sells Spanish lemons too. But the summer season with the Argentine Eureka is important for this lemon, lime, and ginger importer. "And it promises to be another challenging season this year."

There were far fewer Verna lemons in Spain this year. This typically second-half-of-the-season variety on from the Fino or Primofiori there. "Half as many are expected, which creates room for overseas proven lemons should run out by mid-June/end of June, while they're normally on the market until ear August. The lower harvest is due to a confluence of circumstances, including it being an off-year and abundant spring rainfall, which affects both volumes and quality," Peter explains.

Argentina and South Africa should manage to fill the expected Verna shortage well. According to Peter enough Argentinian lemons are available for the export market this season. "The weather has been go the past few months; the quality looks good, so a large harvest is expected."

Expanding lemon cultivation is a challenge for all lemon-growing countries, both in the Northern and Southern Hemispheres. Even though global lemon consumption is increasing, Peter thinks production remains a step ahead of that trend. In recent years cultivation has expanded tremendously, particular South Africa, and it is expected to continue for several more years. South Africa has thus become a step and the sexpected to continue for several more years.

competitor for Argentina, partly because, South Africa's production costs are lower than Argentina's. Most Argentinian lemons end up in the processing industry, with just a few being exported. Those ler have rough skin, perfect for industrial processing. "However, prices for industrial products like juice a lemon oil are also under considerable pressure. So, exporters will take every opportunity to export the lemons," continues Bouman.

But Argentina, like many growing countries, has its fair share of macro-economic issues this year. Its rate has been sky-high for many years, even exceeding 50% every year these days. Rising global ener commodity prices are exacerbating the situation.

At first glance, inflation seems to benefit exports. Argentines, however, cannot freely dispose of dollar euros. For years, there has been a huge gap between the official dollar and the so-called "dollar blue" Government-regulated exchange rates and taxes on foreign currency create that. And despite the Europe market welcoming Argentinean lemons, the exchange rate problems and inflation somewhat complice exports. When exporters convert their dollars through the official channels, they get only half their movalue.

Also, Argentina - just like South Africa - is dealing with reduced sales to important sales markets, Russ Ukraine. Initially, it was unclear whether exporting would be possible at all. It has since become evide trade can be transshipped via the Baltic Sea, without intermediate stops at EU ports, but with signific lower-than-usual volumes.

Logistics and sea freight rates

Peter says most of the Argentinian lemon will arrive in containers in Rotterdam. "We prefer using the of course, it depends on the logistics possibilities and what the Argentines will do. They, too, may deceive a conventional reefer north at some point."

Sea freight rates form another significant challenge this year. Rates for Argentina has nearly doubled year, a container cost about \$3,500; now, it's almost \$7,000. The more expensive dollar affects the coof an 18 kg box quite considerably.

Phytosanitary controls

The Citrus Black Spot (CBS) issue promises to be an intriguing one this year again. Lemons are not su cold treatment, but stringent controls are in place. Two seasons ago, Argentinian citrus exports were suspended due to CBS discoveries. But trade was resumed last year and went well. Argentina's interr controls are in good order, Peter says.

Last year, there were hardly any direct shipments to Spain because of the previous year's problems. Spanish lemon packers will probably need more overseas produce, and loads will go directly there ago Peter is optimistic about the coming season and hopes there are a few hurdles. But something unexpanding shappens. Just last week, for example, there were problems at the port of Durban, which mean South African lemon supply will come to a standstill for a while. In short, the overseas season will, on

